

# Potential of Plasma Technologies for Future Application in Plant-Based Food Production

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**Baltic-German University Liaison Office**

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# Seed Germination and Seed Treatment in Agriculture

## Three stages of germination process:

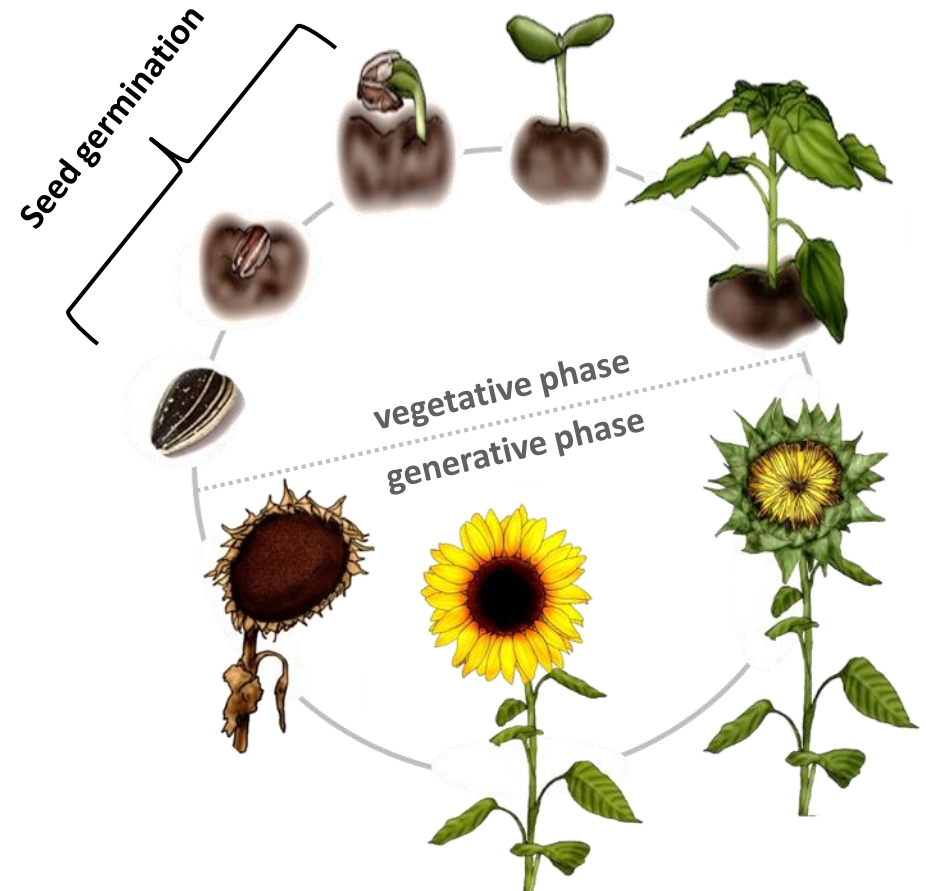
- I. Imbibition process
- II. Mobilization of storage compounds
- III. Differentiation and growth process

## Seed germination and seedling development can be affected by:

- Pathogens
- Nutrient deficiency
- Development and growth inhibitors
- Environmental stress

## Seed dressing methods in agriculture:

- Pesticides against plant pathogens
- Fertilizers (micro- and macro nutrients)
- Bio-stimulants (e.g. phytohormones)



*Helianthus annuus* L.

# Challenges in Agricultural Practice

<https://stock.adobe.com>



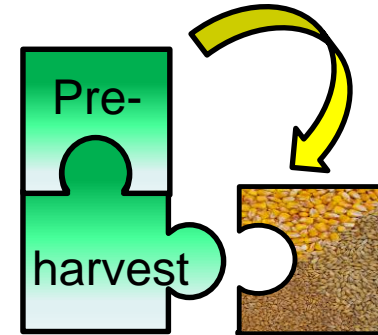
Undesirable  
soil conditions



Extensive field  
use



Diseased seeds



Seed Treatment



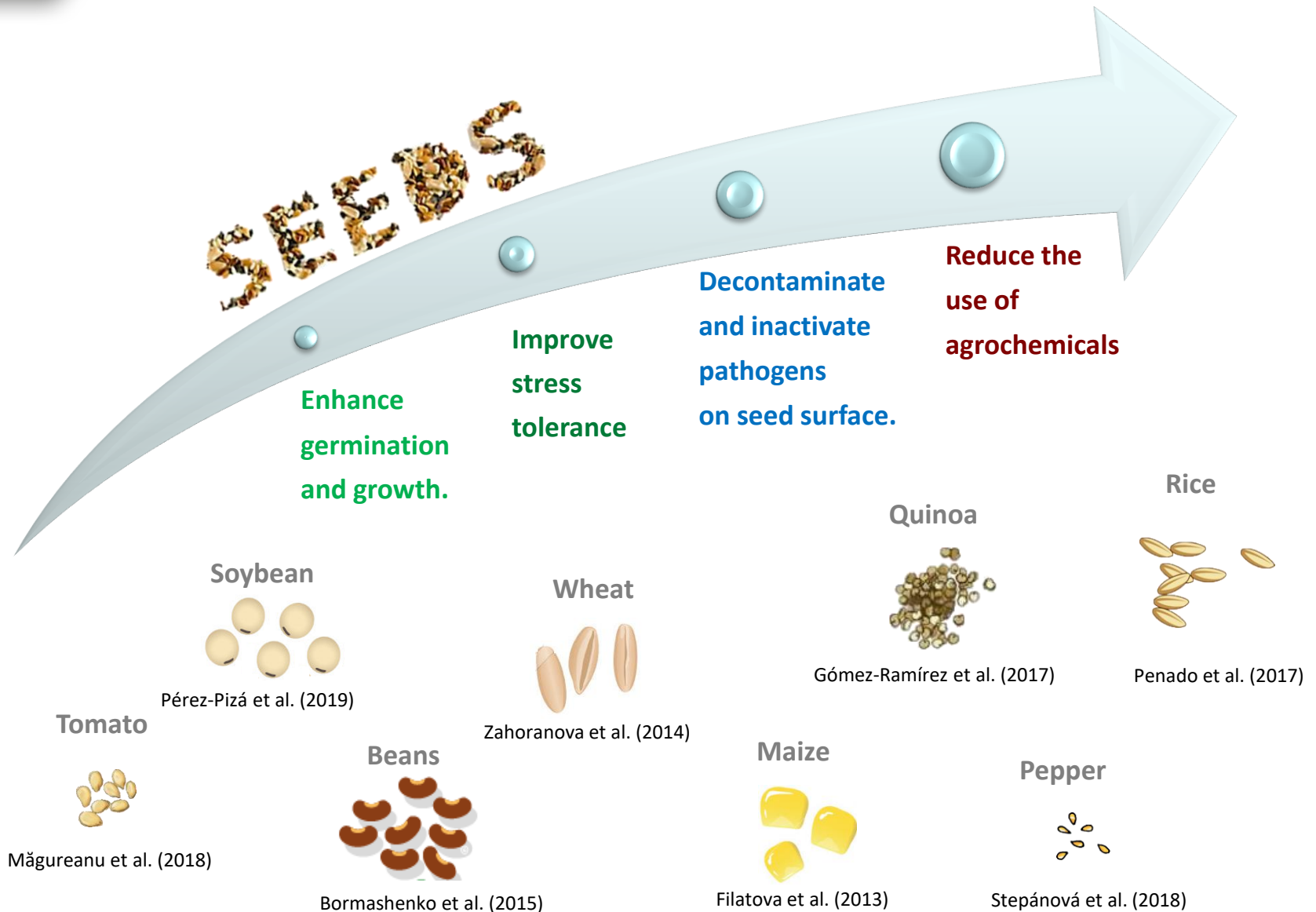
Toxicity

- Expose of workers with dust and aerosols
- Accidental poisoning
- Waste disposal  
→ dangerous goods
- Harmful for animals  
→ e.g. bees
- Accumulation in ecosystem
- Reduction of biodiversity



In Germany  
→ use of fungicides (Thiram, Triadimenol) from 2019 onwards for treatment of lupine, rapeseed, maize is forbidden

# Plasma in Agriculture – Seed Treatment

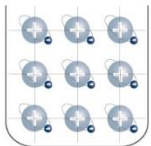


# What is Physical Plasma?

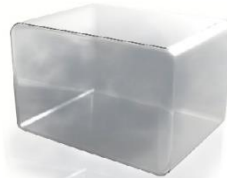
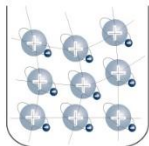
- Fourth state of matter
- Ionised gas
- Multicomponent system



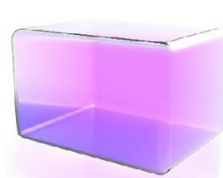
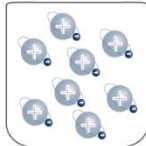
Solid



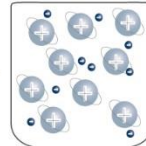
Fluid



Gas



Plasma



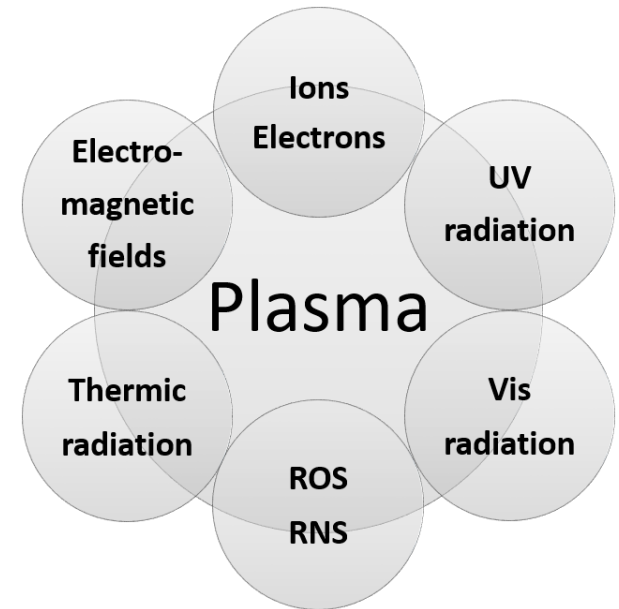
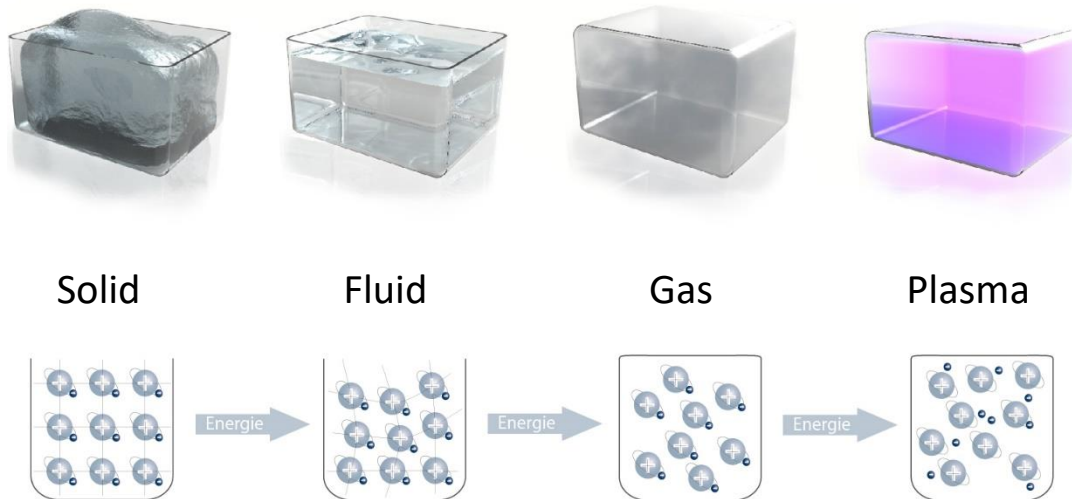
Energie

Energie

Energie

# What is Physical Plasma?

- Fourth state of matter
- Ionised gas
- Multicomponent system



ROS – Reactive Oxygen Species

RNS – Reactive Nitrogen Species

- Generation of plasma needs energy
- Energy is applied to gas or fluid
- Energy to be applied: thermal energy (heat), radiation (microwave), electrical energy (electric fields)
- Generation under atmospheric pressure or under low pressure, with or without noble gases (Ar, He)

# Physical Plasma

high temperature plasma  
(fusion plasma)

$10^6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} - 10^8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



<https://www.inp-greifswald.de/>

→ 99% of the luminous universe  
is in the plasma state

low-temperature plasma

thermal

$> 1000 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



non-thermal

(cold plasma)  
approx. room  
temperature  
(electron  
temperature  
 $> 10^4 \text{ K}$ )



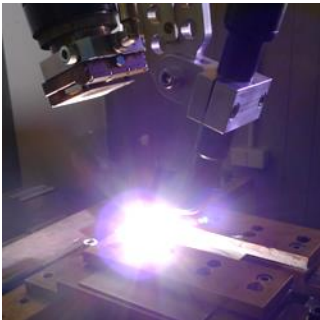
# Physical Plasma

## low-temperature plasma

### thermal

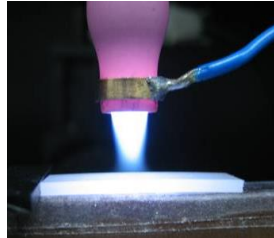
> 1000 °C

welding arcs



<https://www.inp-greifswald.de/>

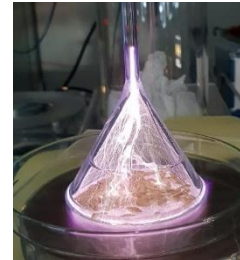
plasma jet



plasma jet



Corona discharge



Gliding Arc



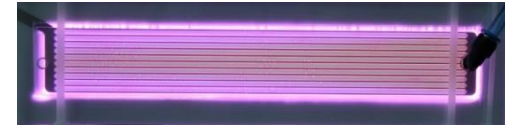
### non-thermal

(cold plasma)

surface DBD



surface dielectric discharge (DBD)



surface DBD

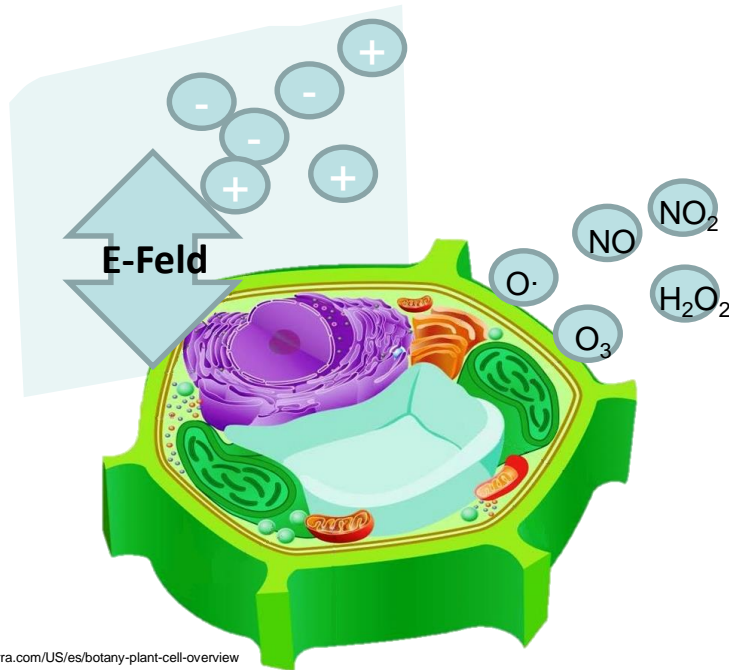


Stacked DBD reactor

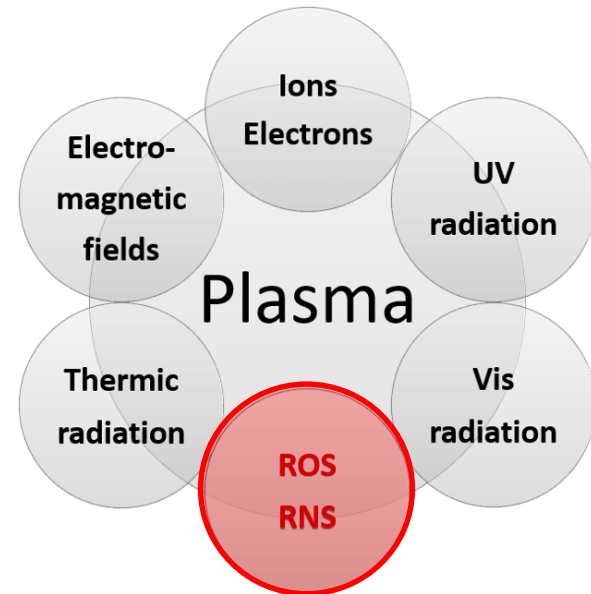




# Effects of Physical Plasma on Biological Systems



<https://www.doterra.com/US/es/botany-plant-cell-overview>



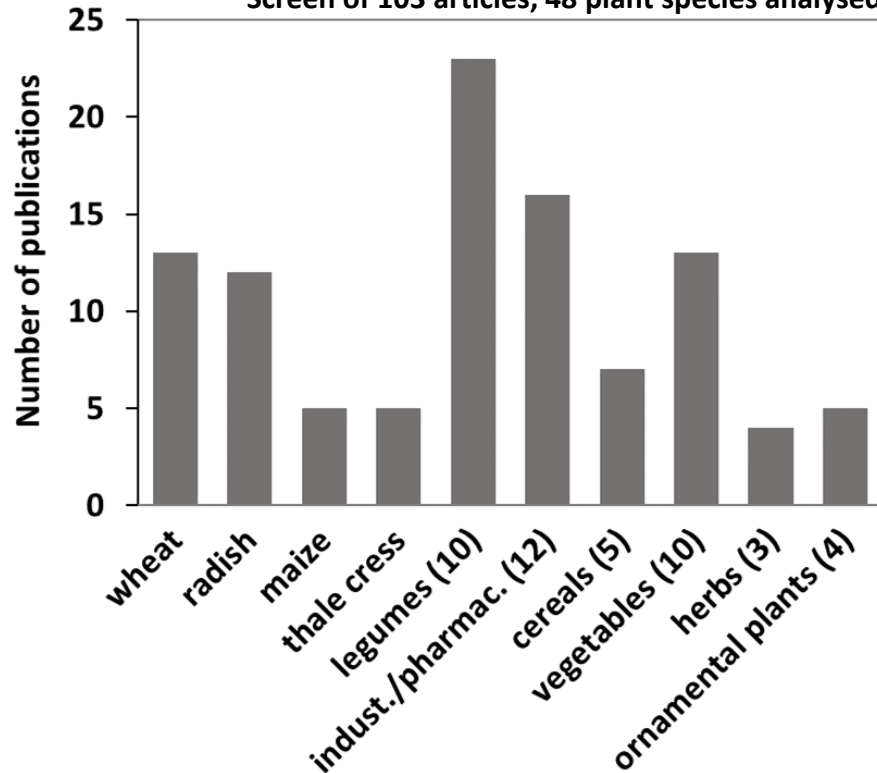
ROS – reactive oxygen species

RNS – reactive nitrogen species

- Modification of surface properties
- Impact on plant/cell metabolism
- Effect on biological systems depended on quality and quantity of plasma
- Stimulating effect → e.g. Wound healing (plasma medicine)
- Destructive effect → e.g. e inactivation of microorganism (plasma medicine)

# Plasma in Agriculture – Seed Treatment

Screen of 103 articles, 48 plant species analysed

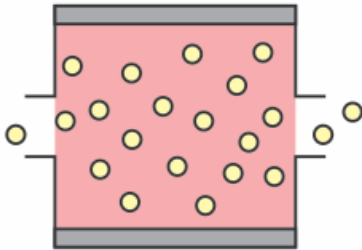


## Effects on seed germination and seedling growth

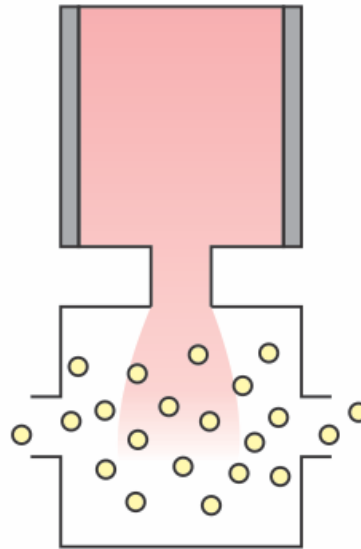
1. **Physico-chemical effects**  
→ Seed coat modification  
Porosity and hydrophilicity
2. **Physiological effects**  
→ Signalling processes (RONS)  
→ Metabolic processes (N fixation)
3. **Reduction of plant pathogens**  
→ Decontamination for storage of seeds

# Plasma-Treatment Concepts

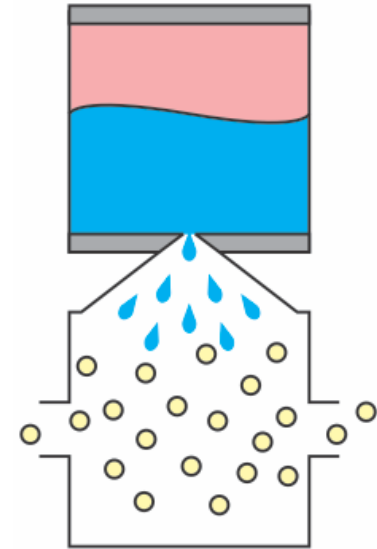
Direct  
Plasma-Exposure



Exposure to  
Plasma-treated Air

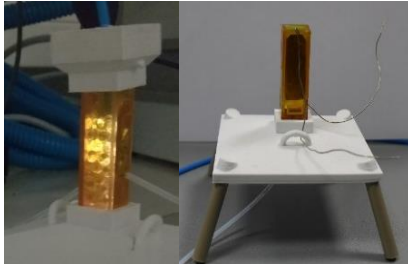


Exposure to  
Plasma-treated Water

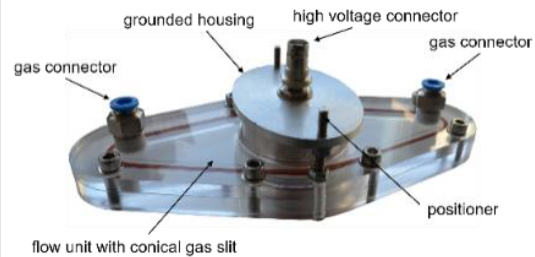


# Plasma-Treatment Examples

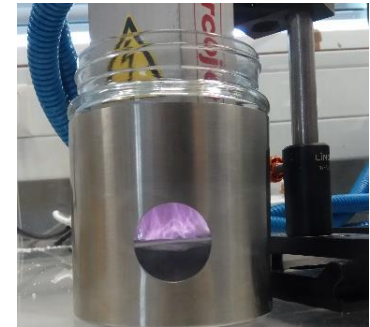
Direct  
Plasma-Exposure



Exposure to  
Plasma-treated Air



Exposure to  
Plasma-treated Water



# Plasma-Treatment Examples

Indirect Treatment  
Decontamination of seed surface

Exposure to  
Plasma-treated Air



Direct Treatment  
Stimulation of plant germination

Spiral plasma source



# Plasma-Treatment Examples

Indirect Treatment  
Decontamination of seed surface

Exposure to  
Plasma-treated Air

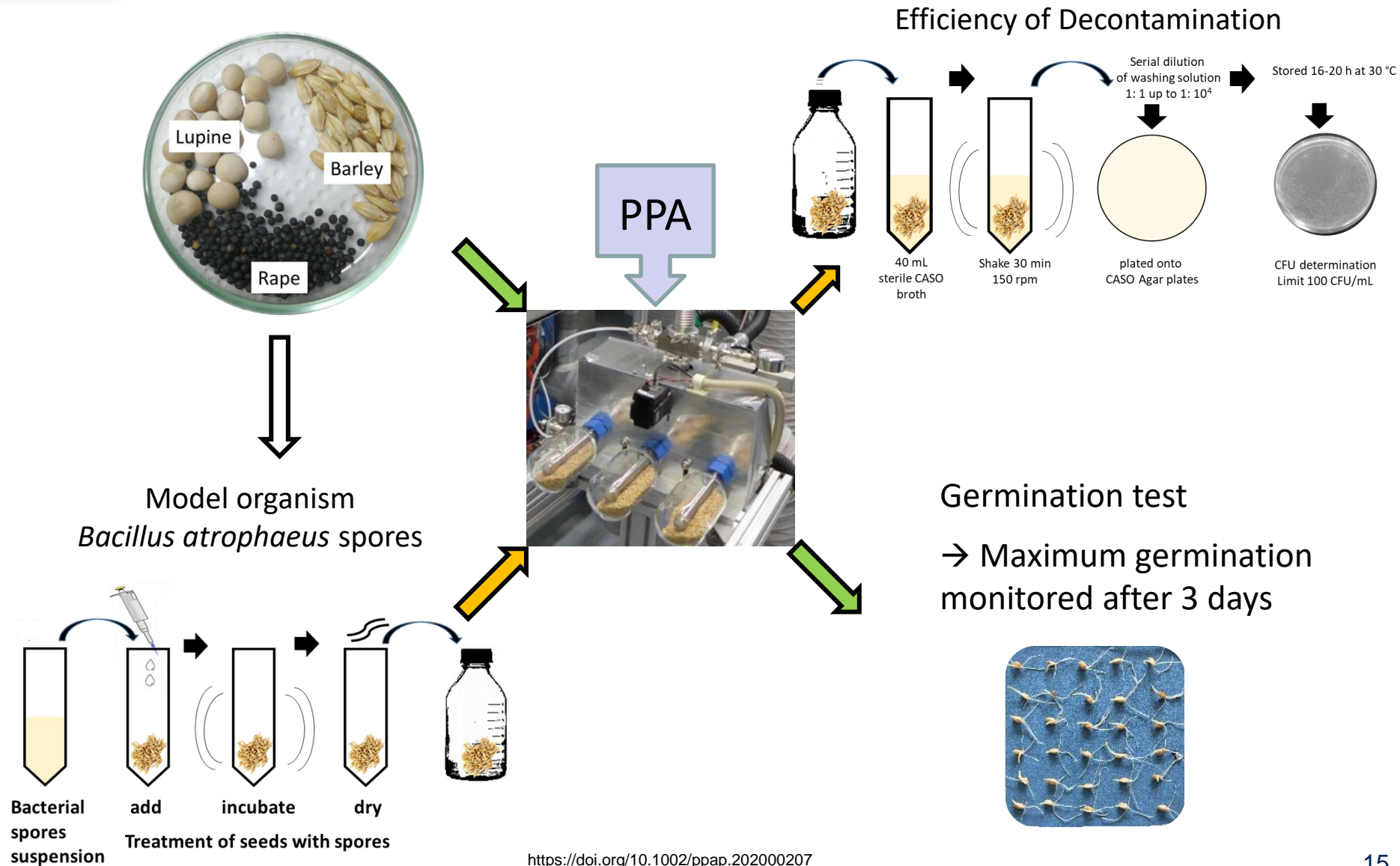


Direct Treatment  
Stimulation of plant germination

Spiral plasma source

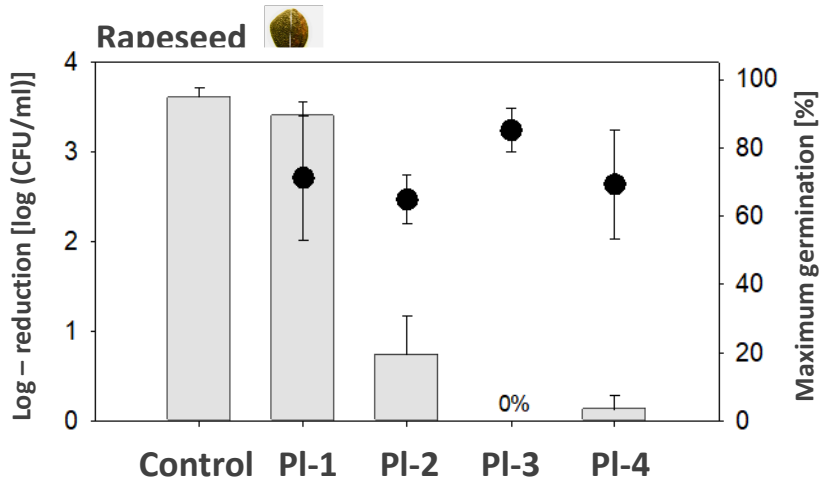
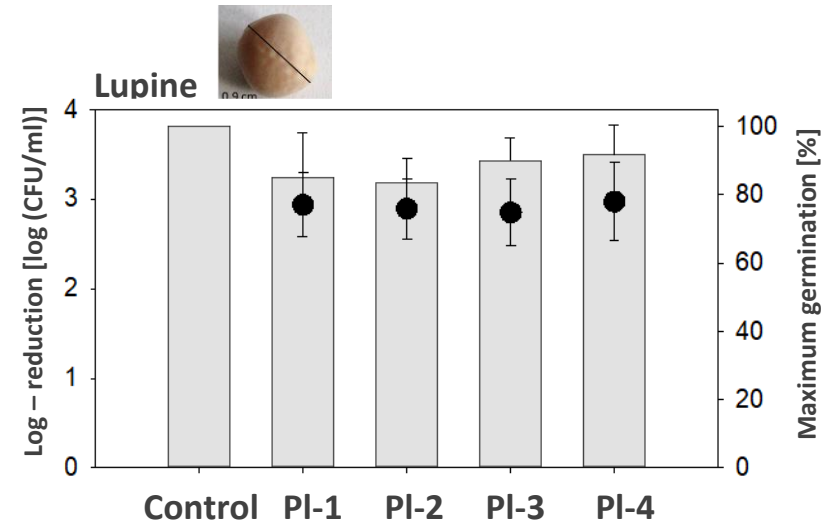
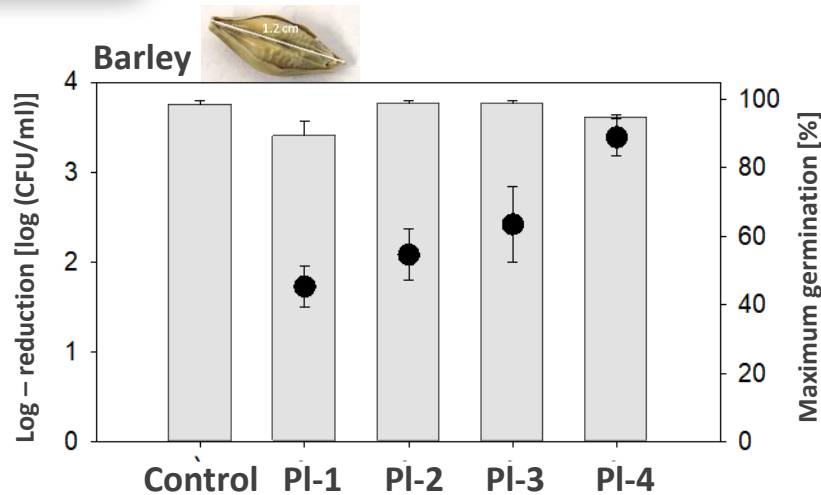




# Indirect Treatment with Plasma Processed Air (PPA)





# Indirect Treatment with Plasma Processed Air (PPA)



 Germination  
 Decontamination

- Decontamination efficiency is dependent on plasma parameters and plant species
- Same plasma parameters have different effects on maximum seed germination of plant species
- **For future applications** in pre-harvest plasma parameters have to be adjusted for each plant species to sustain seed viability and to guarantee microbial inactivation

# Plasma-Treatment Examples

Indirect Treatment  
Decontamination of seed surface

Exposure to  
Plasma-treated Air



Direct Treatment  
Stimulation of plant germination

Spiral plasma source



## Direct Treatment- Spiral plasma source

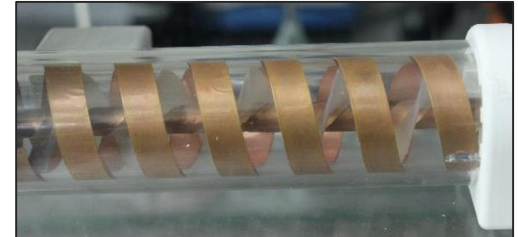


spiral plasma device  
volume DBD

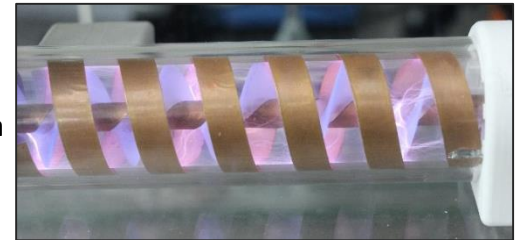
- direct plasma treatment
- Continuous seed treatment
- Treatment from 10 to 60 seconds
- seed treatment barley, wheat, sunflower, lupine and peas

Spiral

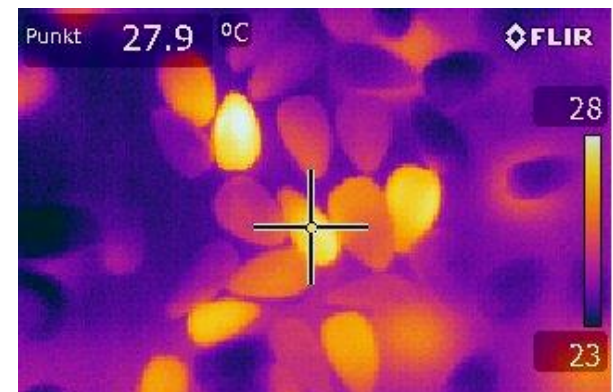
Plasma off



Plasma on

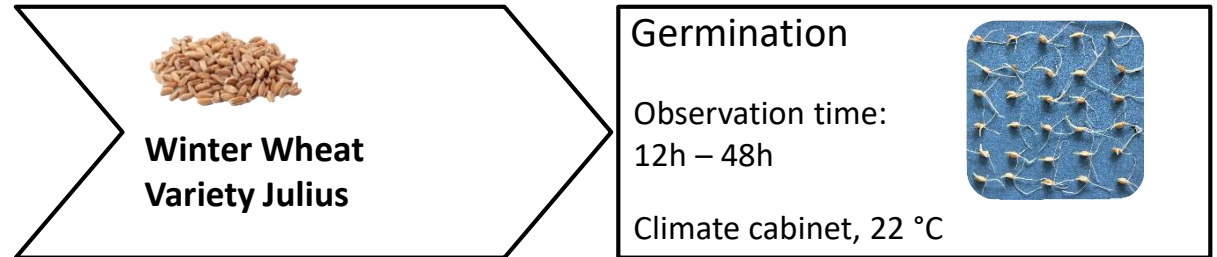
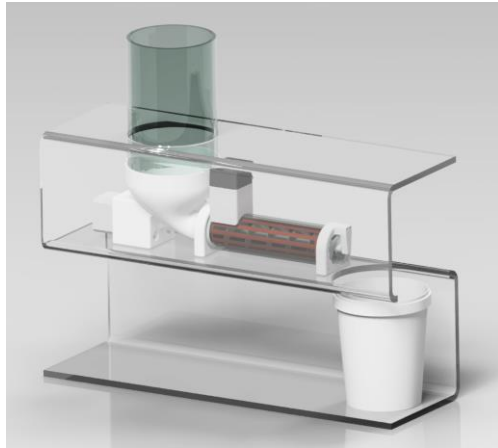


Infrared measurement of temperature



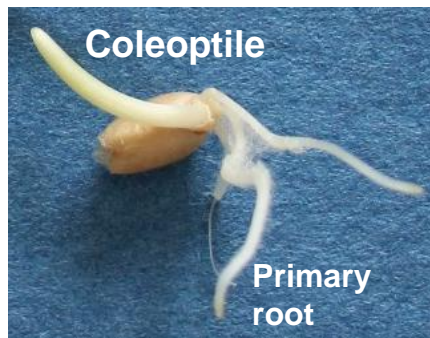
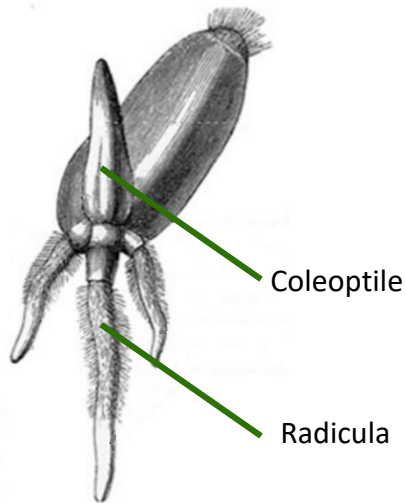
Sunflower seeds directly after  
treatment

# Direct Treatment- Spiral plasma source- Germination Test

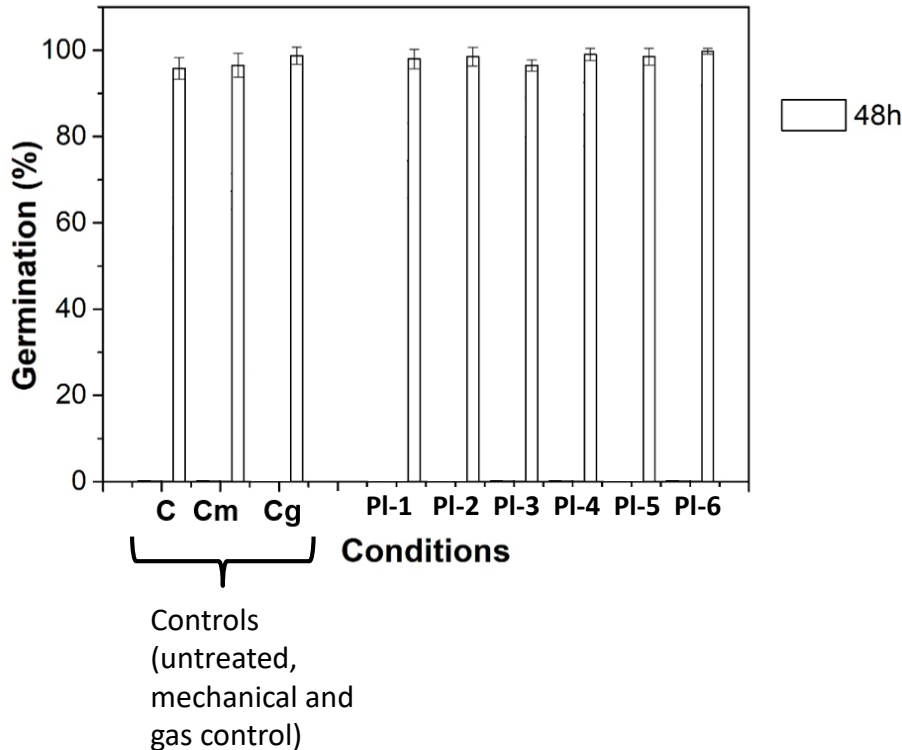


## Checking germination

- 50 seeds per squared petri dish
- Checking for germination for 12-48 hours
- Counting of germinated seeds
- Reporting in % (e.g. 50% means that half of all seeds are germinated)
- Data analysis for germination parameter



# Direct Treatment- Seed Germination



- Crop plants with high maximum germination >80% and fast germination rate
- Under laboratory conditions, maximum germination ( $G_{max}$ ) is reached within 3 days

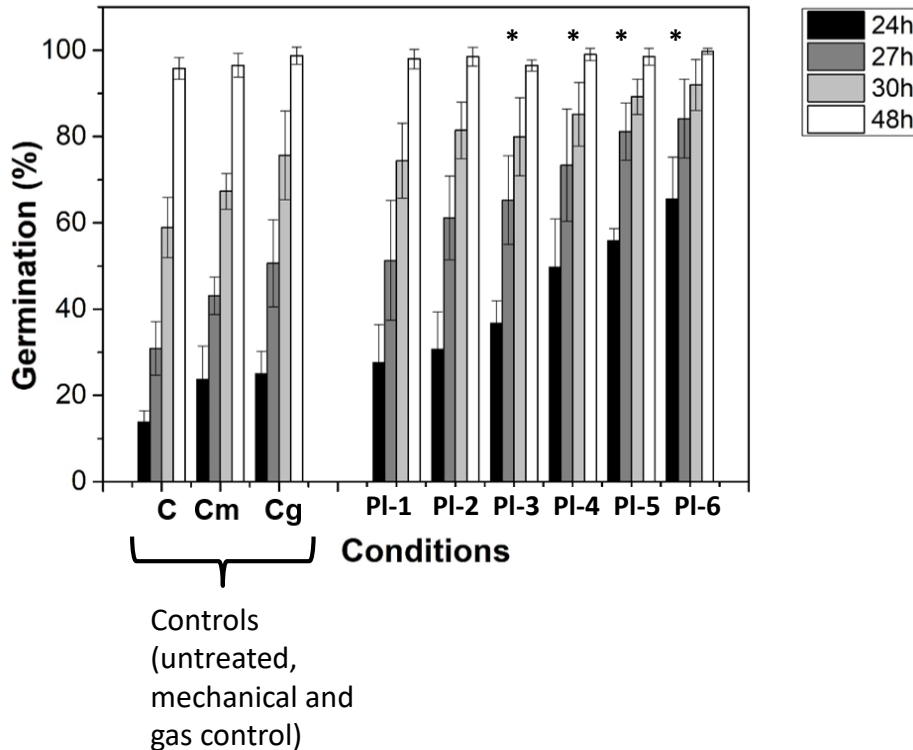
→  $G_{max}$  is not affected

Wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.)



Wheat (Julius)

# Direct Treatment- Seed Germination



\* Significance among  $T_{50}$  values  
against all controls (Student's t test,  $p \leq 0.05$ )

n = 8 (50 seeds each)

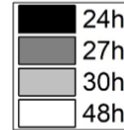
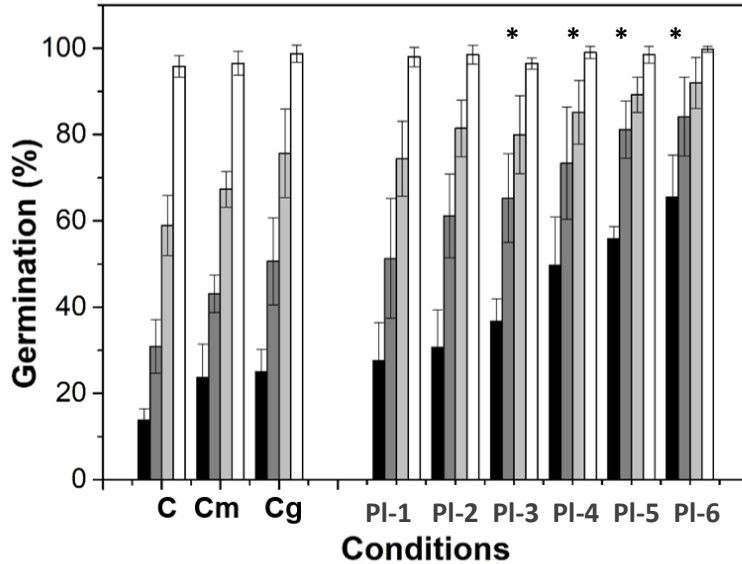
- $G_{max}$  is not affected
- Seed germination accelerates with treatment time

Wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.)



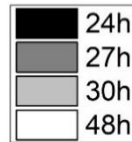
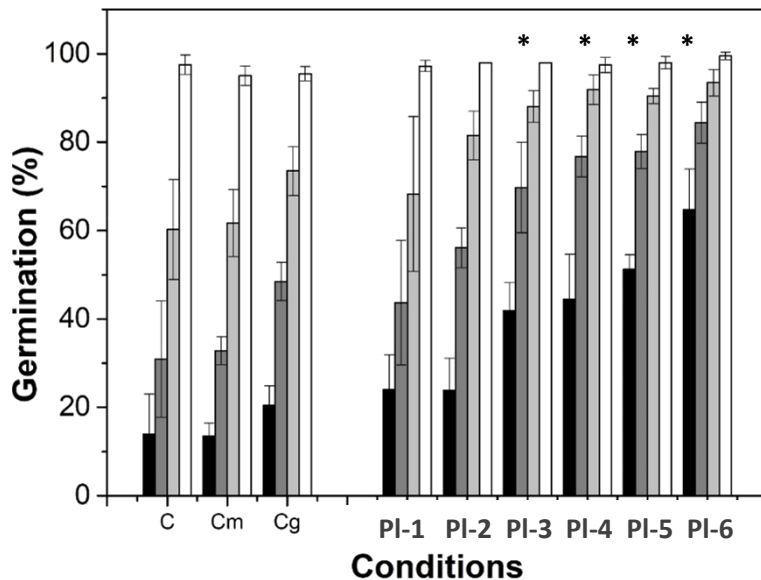
Wheat (Julius)

# Direct Treatment- Seed Germination



\* Significance among  $T_{50}$  values  
against all controls (Student's t test,  $p \leq 0.05$ )

n = 8 (50 seeds each)



→ One month stored seeds

n = 3 (50 seeds each)

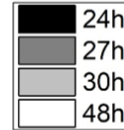
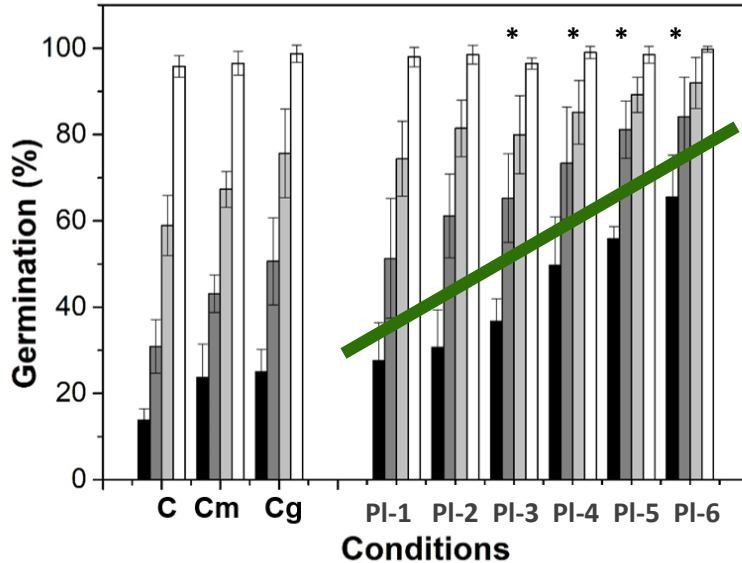
Wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.)



Wheat (Julius)



# Direct Treatment- Seed Germination

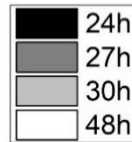
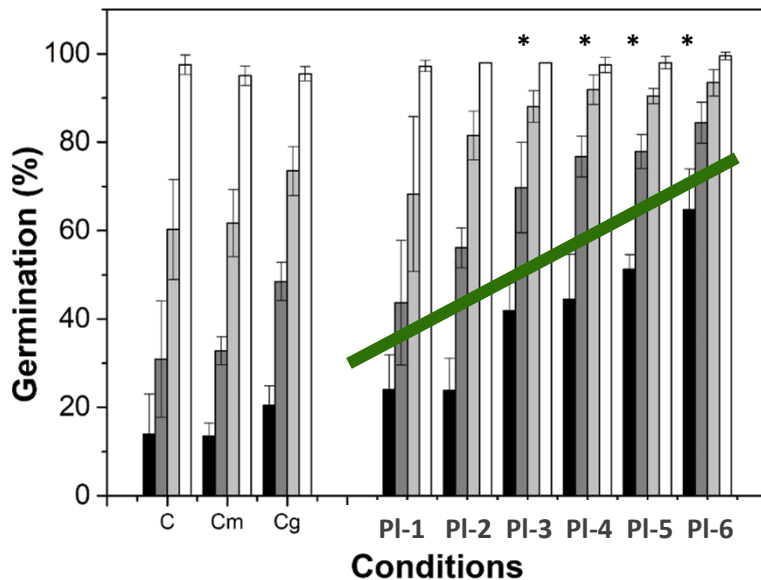


\* Significance among  $T_{50}$  values  
against all controls (Student's t test,  $p \leq 0.05$ )

n = 8 (50 seeds each)

→  $G_{max}$  is not affected

→ Seed germination accelerates  
with treatment time



→ One month stored seeds

n = 3 (50 seeds each)

Wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.)



Wheat (Julius)

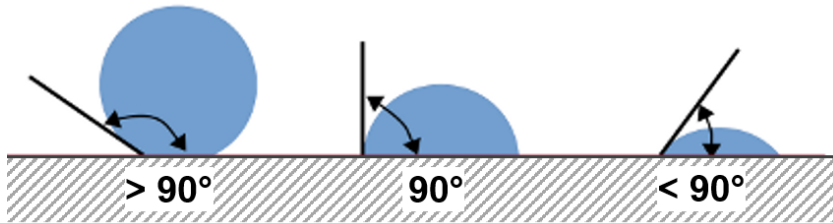
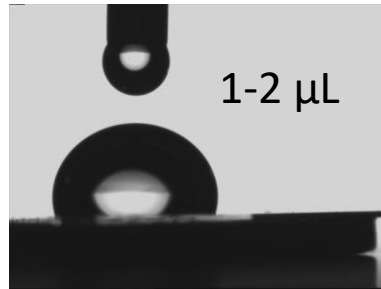
# Direct Treatment- Wettability of Seed Surface



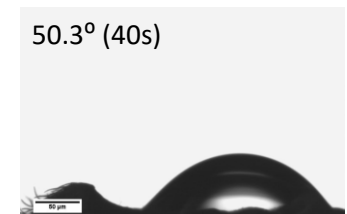
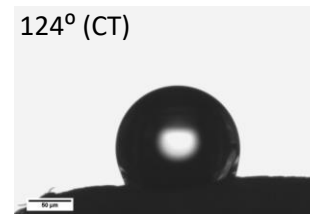
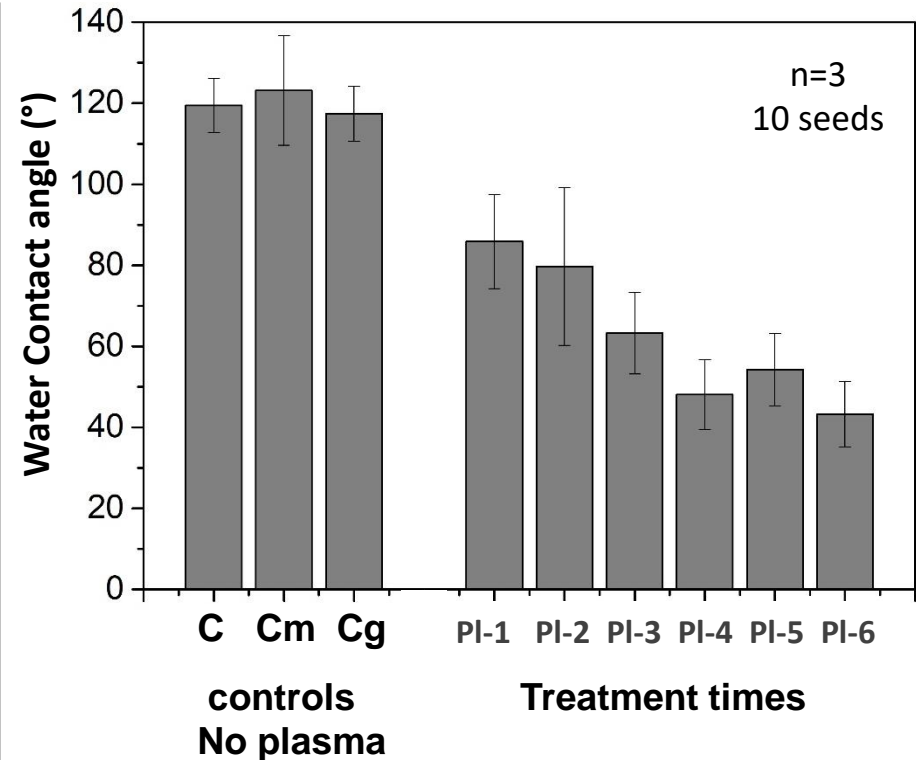
Water contact angle  
Determination of angle



Goniometer (DataPhysics SCA)  
software SCA20



- Seed surface modified to be more hydrophilic after direct plasma treatment
- Checking functional groups on seed surface e.g. XPS



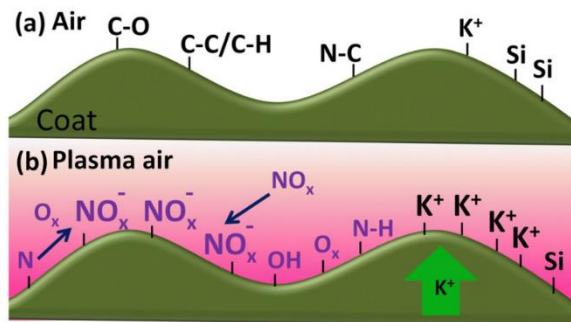
# Direct Treatment- Element Composition of Seed Surface



## Hypothesis for plasma effects on seed germination



- **Surface functionalization**  
→ Better water uptake
- **Physiological changes**  
→ RONS are signalling molecules



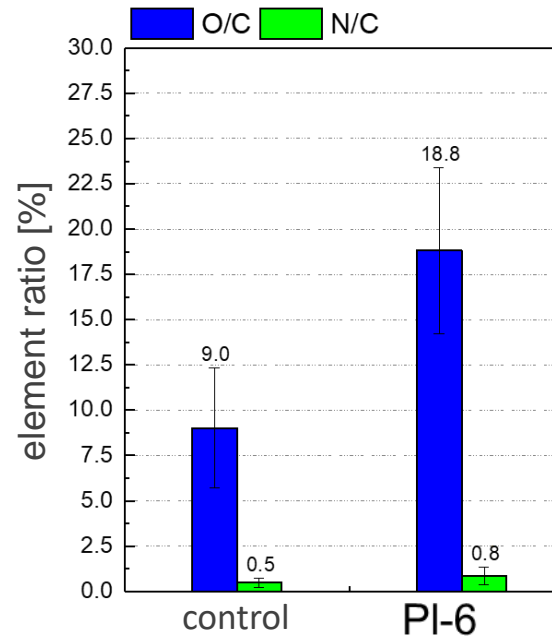
Gómez-Ramírez et al., 2017



## XPS Analysis of wheat seeds treated with Screw PS



Axis Ultra, Kratos



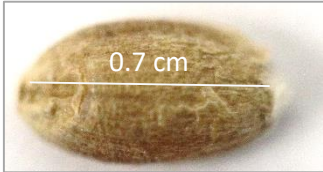
n=9, 3 seeds

wheat



## Seed Treatment – Plant Species

Wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.)



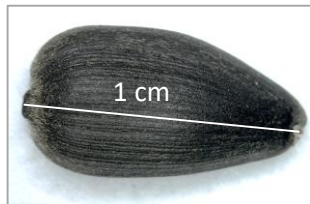
Wheat (Julius)

Barley (*Hordeum vulgare* L.)



Barley (Kosmos)

Sunflower (*Helianthus annuus* L.)



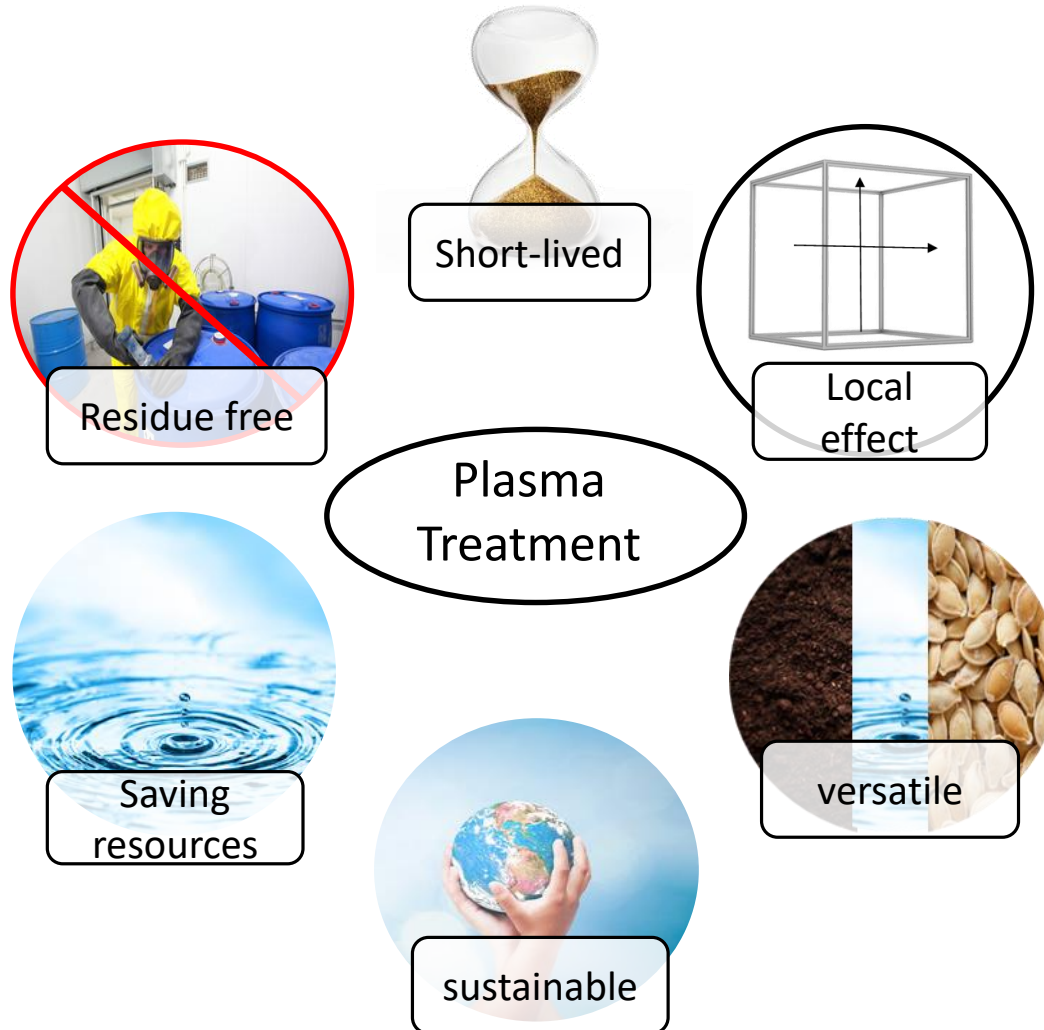
Sunflower (HEL 712/2016)

- Positive Effects on germination rate
- Storage effects
- Improved wettability of seed surface
- Positive trend for improved swelling during water uptake



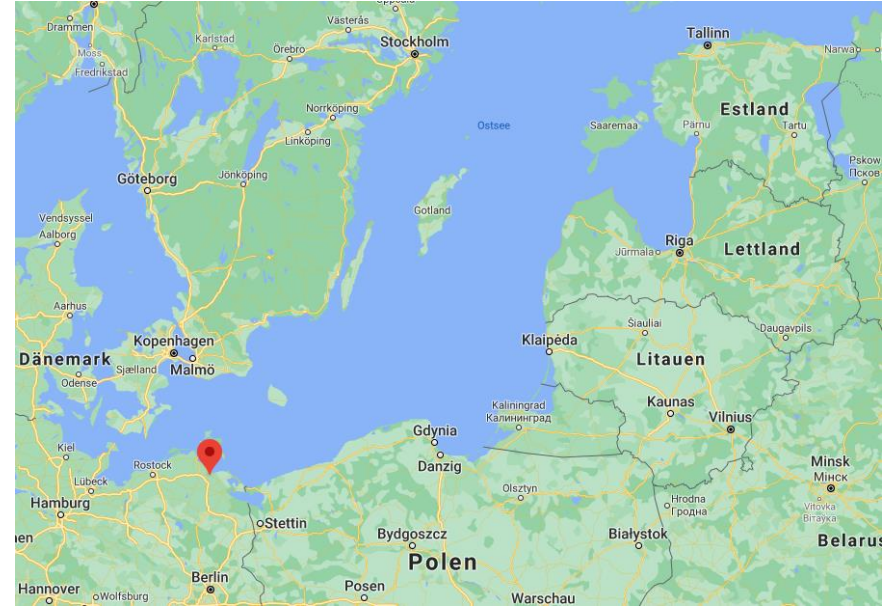
- Field trials

# Potential Advantages of Plasma Technology





# Thank you for your Attention



Research group Plasma Agriculture from Greifswald in Germany

## Thank you for your Attention

### For further reading:

- Nishime, T., Wannicke, N., Horn, S., Weltmann, K. D., & Brust, H. (2020). A Coaxial Dielectric Barrier Discharge Reactor for Treatment of Winter Wheat Seeds. *Applied Sciences*, 10(20), 7133.
- Wannicke, N., Wagner, R., Stachowiak, J., Nishime, T. M., Ehlbeck, J., Weltmann, K. D., & Brust, H. (2020). Efficiency of plasma-processed air for biological decontamination of crop seeds on the premise of unimpaired seed germination. *Plasma Processes and Polymers*, e2000207.
- Brandenburg, R., Bogaerts, A., Bongers, W., Fridman, A., Fridman, G., Locke, B. R., ... & Ostrikov, K. (2019). White paper on the future of plasma science in environment, for gas conversion and agriculture. *Plasma Processes and Polymers*, 16(1), 1700238.
- Puač, N., Gherardi, M., & Shiratani, M. (2018). Plasma agriculture: A rapidly emerging field. *Plasma Processes and Polymers*, 15(2), 1700174.
- Misra, N. N., Schlüter, O., & Cullen, P. J. (Eds.). (2016). *Cold plasma in food and agriculture: fundamentals and applications*. Academic Press.
- Gómez-Ramírez, Ana, et al. (2017). Surface chemistry and germination improvement of Quinoa seeds subjected to plasma activation." *Scientific Reports* 7.1 : 5924.